



Natural Pozzolans

Ione and Sacramento Yards

Environmental Product Declaration

Date of Issue: 4/6/2026

Date of Expiration: 4/5/2031

PRODUCT CATEGORY RULE

SmartEPD PCR Part B for Supplemental Cementitious Materials, v1.0 (SmartEPD, 2024)

FUNCTIONAL UNIT

One metric tonne (1,000 kg) of SCM product, as shipped



Program Operator Information

| | |
|--|--|
| Program Operator | ASTM International 100 Barr Harbor Dr., West Conshohocken, PA 19428 cert@astm.org |
| Manufacturer Name and Address | Golden State Pozzolan 5980 Outfall Circle Sacramento, CA 95828 |
| Declaration Number | EPD1157 |
| Product and Declared Unit | One metric tonne (1,000 kg) of SCM product, as shipped |
| Reference PCR and Version Number | SmartEPD PCR Part A Product Category Rules for Building and Construction Products and Services, v1.2 (SmartEPD, March 2025) SmartEPD PCR Part B for Supplemental Cementitious Materials, v1.0 (SmartEPD, 2024) |
| Product's intended Application and Use | Golden States Pozzolan's Natural Pozzolan acts as a supplemental cementitious material, which can be used to displace portions of cement in concrete mixes. Their natural pozzolan product is on the approved material lists for CalTrans and Nevada DOT for use as an SCM in ready mix and other concrete applications. |
| Product RSL | Not Applicable |
| Markets of Applicability | United States |
| Date of Issue | 4/6/2026 |
| Period of Validity | 5 years from date of issue |
| EPD Type | Product Specific |
| EPD Scope | Cradle to Gate |
| Year of reported manufacturer primary data | 2023 |
| LCA Software and Version Number | OpenLCA 2.5.0 |
| LCI Database and Version Number | NREL US LCI 1.2025-06.0 |
| LCIA Methodology and Version Number | TRACI 2.1, IPCC AR5 GWP100, CML 2001-Jan 2016 |
| Independent verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025: 2006, ISO 21930:2017, and the PCR. <input type="checkbox"/> Internal <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> External | Thomas Gloria, Ph.D., Industrial Ecology Consultants |
| This life cycle assessment was conducted in accordance with ISO 14044 and the reference PCR by: | WAP Sustainability Consulting |
| Limitations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Environmental declarations from different programs (ISO 14025) may not be comparable. Environmental declarations from different programs (ISO 14025) may not be comparable. Comparison of the environmental performance of products using EPD information shall be based on the product's use and impacts at the building or construction works level, and therefore EPDs may not be used for comparability purposes when not considering the whole life cycle. EPD comparability is only possible when all stages of a life cycle have been considered. However, variations and deviations are possible. Example of variations: Different LCA software and background LCI datasets may lead to differences in results upstream or downstream of the life cycle stages declared. The environmental impact results of products in this document are based on a declared unit and therefore do not provide sufficient information to establish comparisons. The results shall not be used for comparisons without knowledge of how the physical properties of the product impact the precise function at the construction level. The environmental impact results shall be converted to a functional unit basis before any comparison is attempted. The EPD owner has sole ownership, liability, and responsibility for the EPD. | |



Declaration of General Information

Company Description

Golden State Pozzolan is a material supplier of supplemental cementitious materials (SCMs), supporting ready-mix and other concrete producers in California and extended markets. To the best of their knowledge, they are the only producer of natural pozzolans in northern California.

Golden State Pozzolan is proud to provide a product that helps to decarbonize the states of California, Nevada, and surrounding regions.

Product Description and Intended Use

Golden State Pozzolan's natural pozzolan product is derived from an andesitic basalt. It acts as a supplemental cementitious material (SCM), which can be used to displace portions of cement in concrete mixes. Their natural pozzolan product is on the approved material lists for CalTrans and Nevada DOT for use as an SCM in ready mix and other concrete applications. The density is 2600 kg/m³.

Golden State's pozzolan products are made of naturally occurring andesitic basalt. The products do not contain any hazardous substances according to the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA), Subtitle 3. The products do not release dangerous substances to the environment, including indoor air emissions, gamma or ionizing radiation, or chemicals released to air or leached to water and soil.

This product is defined by the following standards:

- Natural Pozzolans ASTM C618
- AASHTO M295

Manufacturing

Natural pozzolans are manufactured by reclamation of secondary materials from a neighboring aggregate quarry at the lone facility. A portion of the pozzolans produced are transported to the Sacramento facility where they are stockpiled and sold.

Lone Facility: CA 104, Lone, CA 95640

Sacramento Facility: 5980 Outfall Circle, Sacramento, CA 95828

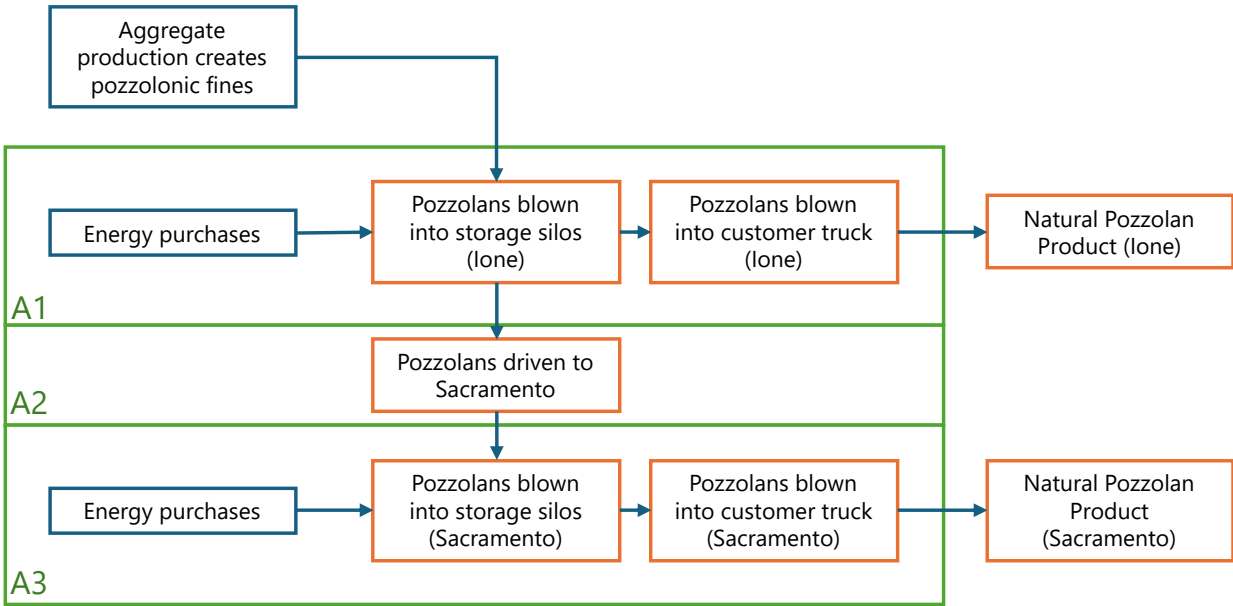


Figure 1: Pozzolan Production Diagram

Packaging

Natural pozzolans produced by Golden State Pozzolans are not packaged – they are distributed directly into transport trucks and delivered to customer siloes or stored according to the individual customer methods.

Declaration of the Methodological Framework

Type of EPD and Declared Unit

This EPD is a Cradle-to-Gate EPD and includes the sourcing of raw materials, transportation of raw materials to the manufacturing facility.

The declared unit is one metric tonne (1,000 kg) of SCM product, as shipped.



System Boundary

| Production | | | Construction | | Use | | | | | | | End of Life | | | | Benefits & Loads Beyond System Boundary |
|---------------------|-----------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|-----|-------------|--------|-------------|---------------|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------|------------------|----------|---|
| A1 | A2 | A3 | A4 | A5 | B1 | B2 | B3 | B4 | B5 | B6 | B7 | C1 | C2 | C3 | C4 | D |
| Raw Material Supply | Transport | Manufacturing | Transport to Site | Assembly/Install | Use | Maintenance | Repair | Replacement | Refurbishment | Operational Energy Use | Operational Water Use | Deconstruction | Transport | Waste Processing | Disposal | Reuse, Recovery, Recycling Potential |
| X | X | X | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND | MND |

Construction of the facility, maintenance and construction of operational equipment, and any personnel related activity, such as transport, are excluded.

Allocation Procedure and Cut-off Procedure

General principles of allocation for the LCA were based on ISO 14040/44. Of relevance to the defined system boundary is the method in which secondary materials were handled. Throughout the study, secondary materials were accounted for via the cut-off method. As a result, no impacts arise from the initial extraction of the pozzolanic materials, as they are the by-product of the neighboring quarry. The study does include the impacts associated with processing and preparation of the pozzolans.

To derive a per-unit value for manufacturing inputs such as electricity, thermal energy, and water, allocation based on total production by mass was adopted.

Material inputs greater than 1% (based on total mass of the final product) were included within the scope of analysis. Material inputs less than 1% were included if sufficient data was available to warrant inclusion and/or the material input was thought to have significant environmental impact. Cumulative excluded material inputs and environmental impacts are less than 5% based on total weight of the functional unit.

Results - Declaration of Environmental Indicators Derived from LCA

The environmental indicators required by the PCR are specified by the table below.

| Abbreviation | Indicator | Unit |
|-------------------|--|-------------------------|
| Impact | | |
| GWP | Global warming potential, 100 years, excluding biogenic carbon | kg CO ₂ eq |
| ODP | Ozone depletion potential | kg CFC 11 eq |
| EP | Eutrophication potential | kg N eq |
| AP | Acidification potential | kg SO ₂ eq |
| SFP | Smog formation potential | kg O ₃ eq |
| ADP-fossil | Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources | MJ, net calorific value |
| Resource Use | | |
| RPR _E | Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials | MJ, net calorific value |
| RPR _M | Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials | MJ, net calorific value |
| NRPR _E | Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials | MJ, net calorific value |
| NRPR _M | Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used as raw materials | MJ, net calorific value |
| SM | Use of secondary materials | kg |
| RSF | Use of renewable secondary fuels | MJ, net calorific value |
| NRSF | Use of non-renewable secondary fuels | MJ, net calorific value |
| RE | Recovered energy | MJ, net calorific value |
| FW | Net use of fresh water | m ³ |
| Waste Categories | | |
| HWD | Hazardous waste disposed | kg |
| NHWD | Non-hazardous waste disposed | kg |
| HLRW | High-level radioactive waste, conditioned, to final repository | kg |
| ILLRW | Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste, conditioned, to final repository | kg |
| Output Flows | | |
| CRU | Components for reuse | kg |
| MR | Materials for recycling | kg |
| MER | Materials for energy recovery | kg |
| EE | Exported energy | MJ |

LCIA results are relative expressions and do not predict impacts on category endpoints, the exceeding of thresholds, safety margins or risks.



Production A1-A3

Production results are presented in the following tables for the product under study.

| Product ID: | Ione Pozzolans | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|----------|-------------|
| Impacts | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | TOTAL A1-A3 |
| IPCC AR6 | | | | | |
| GWP | kg CO ₂ eq | 3.10E-01 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 3.10E-01 |
| TRACI 2.1 | | | | | |
| ODP | kg CFC-11 eq | 1.98E-09 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 1.98E-09 |
| AP | kg SO ₂ eq | 5.61E-04 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 5.61E-04 |
| EP | kg N eq | 3.74E-05 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 3.74E-05 |
| SFP | kg O ₃ eq | 1.91E-02 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 1.91E-02 |
| ADP _F | MJ _{Nov} | 4.47E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 4.47E+00 |
| Resource Use | | | | | |
| RPR _E | MJ _{Nov} | 7.51E-04 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 7.51E-04 |
| RPR _M | MJ _{Nov} | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| NRPR _E | MJ _{Nov} | 7.51E-04 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 7.51E-04 |
| NRPR _M | MJ _{Nov} | 4.47E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 4.47E+00 |
| SM | kg | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| RSF | MJ _{Nov} | 4.47E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 4.47E+00 |
| NRSF | MJ _{Nov} | 1.00E+03 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 1.00E+03 |
| RE | MJ _{Nov} | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| FW | m ³ | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| Output Flows | | | | | |
| HWD | kg | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| NHWD | kg | 1.12E-06 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 1.12E-06 |
| HLRW | kg | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| ILLRW | kg | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| CRU | kg | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| MR | kg | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| MER | kg | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| EE | MJ | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |



| Product ID: | Sacramento Pozzolans | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------|----------|----------|----------|-------------|
| Impacts | Unit | A1 | A2 | A3 | TOTAL A1-A3 |
| IPCC AR6 | | | | | |
| GWP | kg CO ₂ eq | 3.10E-01 | 4.28E+00 | 1.06E+00 | 5.65E+00 |
| TRACI 2.1 | | | | | |
| ODP | kg CFC-11 eq | 1.98E-09 | 7.95E-09 | 6.77E-09 | 1.67E-08 |
| AP | kg SO ₂ eq | 5.61E-04 | 6.53E-03 | 1.92E-03 | 9.01E-03 |
| EP | kg N eq | 3.74E-05 | 2.20E-03 | 1.28E-04 | 2.36E-03 |
| SFP | kg O ₃ eq | 1.91E-02 | 2.30E-01 | 6.55E-02 | 3.15E-01 |
| ADP _F | MJ _{Nov} | 4.47E+00 | 5.00E+01 | 1.53E+01 | 6.97E+01 |
| Resource Use | | | | | |
| RPR _E | MJ _{Nov} | 7.51E-04 | 6.55E-04 | 2.57E-03 | 3.97E-03 |
| RPR _M | MJ _{Nov} | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| NRPR _E | MJ _{Nov} | 7.51E-04 | 6.55E-04 | 2.57E-03 | 3.97E-03 |
| NRPR _M | MJ _{Nov} | 4.47E+00 | 5.00E+01 | 1.53E+01 | 6.97E+01 |
| SM | kg | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| RSF | MJ _{Nov} | 4.47E+00 | 5.00E+01 | 1.53E+01 | 6.97E+01 |
| NRSF | MJ _{Nov} | 1.00E+03 | 0.00E+03 | 0.00E+03 | 1.00E+03 |
| RE | MJ _{Nov} | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| FW | m ³ | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| Output Flows | | | | | |
| HWD | kg | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| NHWD | kg | 1.12E-06 | 0.00E+00 | 3.82E-06 | 4.93E-06 |
| HLRW | kg | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| ILLRW | kg | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| CRU | kg | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| MR | kg | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| MER | kg | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |
| EE | MJ | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 | 0.00E+00 |



Comparisons cannot be made between product-specific or industry average EPDs at the design stage of a project, before a building or construction works has been specified. Comparisons may be made between product-specific or industry average EPDs at the time of product purchase only when product or construction works performance and specifications have been established and serve as a functional unit for comparison. Environmental impact results shall be converted to a functional unit basis before any comparison is attempted. Any comparison of EPDs shall be subject to the requirements of ISO 21930 or EN 15804. EPDs are not comparative assertions and are either not comparable or have limited comparability when they have different system boundaries, are based on different product category rules or are missing relevant environmental impacts. Such comparisons can be inaccurate and could lead to erroneous selection of materials or products that are higher-impact, at least in some impact categories.

Interpretation

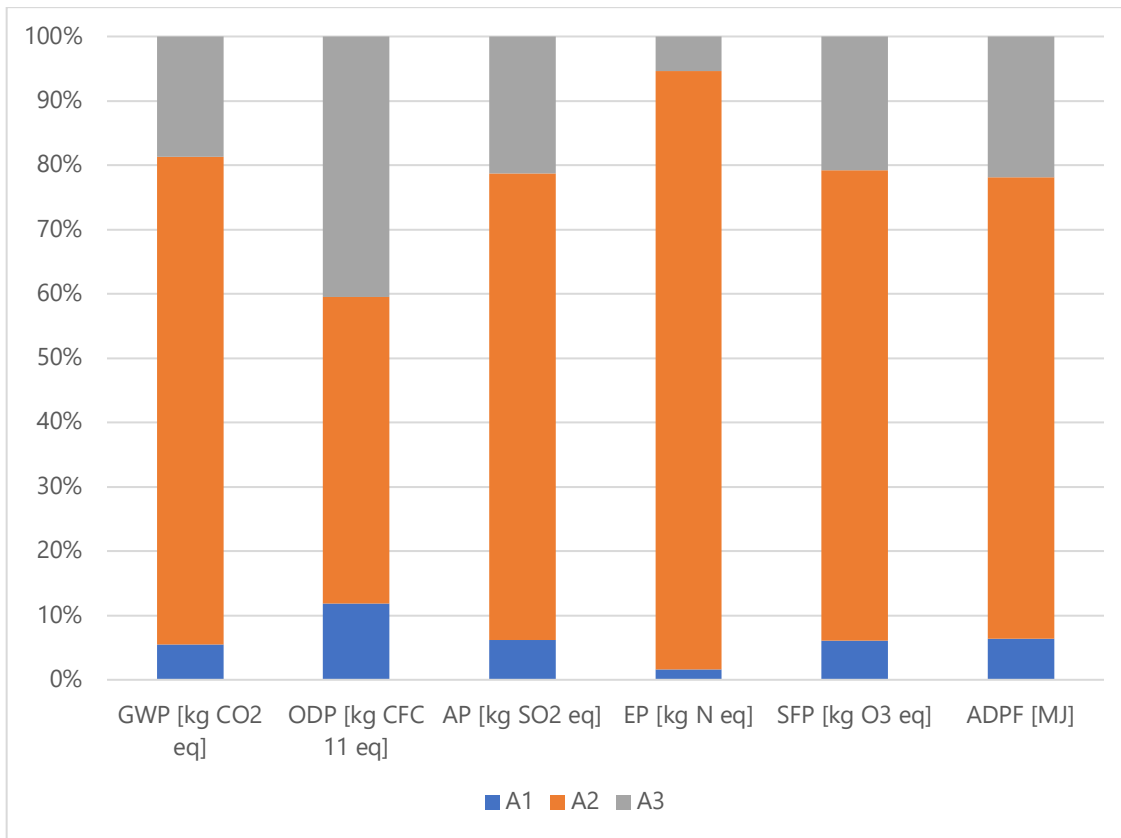


Figure 2: Contribution to Impact Category by Life Cycle Stage, Sacramento Yard

The lone facility has no impacts outside of A1. Across all impact categories, the transportation of pozzolans from the lone yard to the Sacramento yard represents the greatest portion of impacts, ranging from 48% of the total ODP to 93% of the EP, as shown in Figure 2. This phenomenon of transport overwhelming other lifecycle stages serves to highlight the limited processing needed to prepare natural pozzolans for use.



Additional Environmental Information

References

IPCC. (2021). Climate Change 2021: The Physical Science Basis. Contribution of Working Group I to the Sixth Assessment Report of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change. [Masson-Delmotte, V., P. Zhai, A. Pirani, S.L. Connors, C. Péan, S. Berger, N. Caud, Y. Chen, L. Goldfarb, M.I. Gomis, M. Huang, K. Leitzell, E. Lonnoy, J.B.R. Matthews, T.K. Maycock, T. Waterfield, O. Yelekçi, R. Yu, and B. Zhou (eds.)]. Cambridge University Press. In Press.

ISO 14040: 2006/Amd 1:2020 Environmental Management - Life cycle assessment – Principles and framework.

ISO 14044: 2006/Amd 2:2020 Environmental Management - Life cycle assessment - Requirements and Guidelines

ISO 14025:2006 Environmental labels and declarations – Type III environmental declarations – Principles and Procedures.

ISO 21930:2017 Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works – Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products and services.

SmartEPD. (2025, March 14). *Smart EPD Part A Product Category Rules for Building and Construction Products and Services, Standard 1000, v1.2*. Retrieved from SmartEPD PCR Library: <https://smarteprd.com/pcr-library>

SmartEPD. (2025, May 7). *SmartEPD PCR Part B for Supplemental Cementitious Materialst, Standard 1000-002, version 1.0*. Retrieved from SmartEPD PCR Library: <https://smarteprd.com/pcr-library>

TRACI: The Tool for the Reduction and Assessment of Chemical and Other Environmental Impacts. Version 2.1 – User Guide - <https://nepis.epa.gov/Adobe/PDF/P100HN53.pdf>.