



GENERAL INFORMATION

This cradle-to-gate with options Environmental Product Declaration covers steel metal roof panels, wall panels, soffits and coils produced at the Anoka Plant. The Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) was prepared in conformity with ISO 21930, ISO 14025, ISO 14040, and ISO 14044 and Product Category Rules (PCR) Guidance for Building Related Products and Services. Part A: Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules and Report Requirement (UL 10010, Version 4.0, 2022) and Part B: Insulated Metal Panels, Metal Composite Panels, and Metal Cladding Roof and Wall Panels (UL Environment 10010-5, Version 2.0, 2018). This EPD is intended for business-to-business (B-to-B) audiences.



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LCA/EPD Developer

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ISO 21930:2017 – serves as the core PCR and UL Part A: Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules and Report Requirement (UL 10010 Version 4.0, 2022) and sub-category Part B: Insulated Metal Panels, Metal Composite Panels, and Metal Cladding Roof and Wall Panels (UL 10010-5 Version 2.0, 2018).

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- Sub-category Part B PCR review was conducted by: Thomas P. Gloria, PhD. (t.gloria@industrial-ecology.com)
- Independent verification of the declaration, according to ISO 21930:2017 and ISO 14025:2006.: □ internal ☑ external
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- For additional explanatory material Manufacturer Representative: Sherrie MacWilliams (<u>sherrie.macwilliams@amrize.com</u>)
 This LCA EPD was prepared by: Melissa Diaz, LCA and EPD Project Manager Climate Earth (<u>www.climateearth.com</u>)
- EPDs are comparable only if they comply with ISO 21930 (2017), use the same sub-category PCR where applicable, include all relevant information modules and are based on equivalent scenarios with respect to the context of construction works.



PRODUCER

Amrize Building Envelope LLC delivers high-performance solutions that make the entire building envelope more sustainable for customers around the world. We are committed to raising the standards of building solutions by delivering superior quality and innovation while addressing industry needs.

Our offerings cover a comprehensive range of residential and commercial roofing, wall and lining systems, insulation, and waterproofing solutions for a variety of industries from construction to marine and aerospace. Our powerful portfolio brands include Elevate, Duro-Last, Malarkey Roofing Products, GenFlex, Gaco, and Enverge. Visit amrize.com to learn more.

Amrize's Anoka, MN facility is ISO 9000 certified, and manufactures Elevate metal roofing materials for use in commercial roofing systems. The facility is 300,000 square feet and opened in 1995.



PRODUCT: Metal Roofing Panels and Coils - Steel

With superior durability, flexibility and UV resistance, UNA-CLADTM Steel Architectural Sheet & Coil is a versatile roofing solution that withstands the test of time, backed by a 40+ year legacy. Elevate's metal roofing systems offer a range of benefits, including design enhancement, energy efficiency and ease of use. Both reliable and aesthetically versatile, our long-lasting metal roofing solutions are suited to a variety of applications and come in a wide range of colors and finishes. Elevate UNA-CLADTM offers rolled panels, flat sheets, wall panels, soffits and coils. Additionally, UNA-CLADTM Steel Architectural Sheet & Coil can contribute to LEED[®] certification. Steel sheets and coils manufactured at the Anoka facility do not contain hazardous materials.

Roll Form Panels and Soffits

Roll form panels and soffits are factory-formed and either feature a patented interlocking mechanism or are mechanically seamed onsite for ease of installation and to support the unique needs of almost any commercial facility. The seams also allow for varying levels of thermal expansion, water resistance, uplift, and more.

Flat Panels

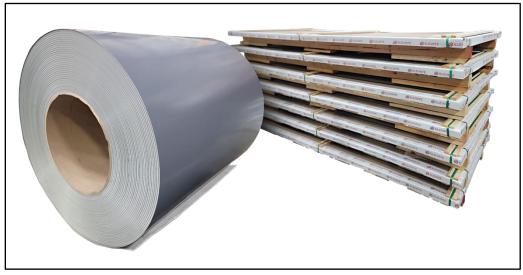
Flat panels are versatile and suitable for use in press brakes to create precise bends and folds, making them ideal for crafting trims, flashings, and edge metal.

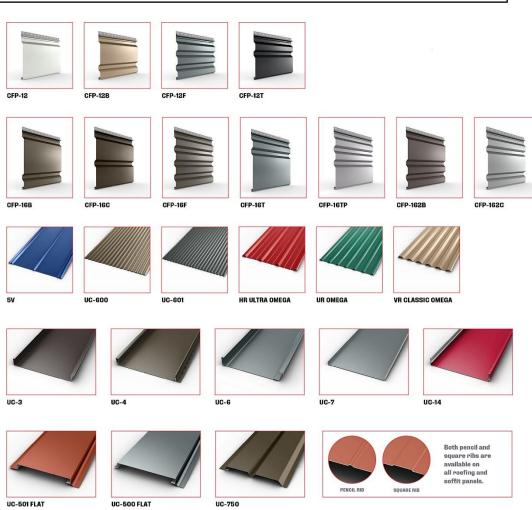
Coils

Coil provides the flexibility and strength needed for continuous or large-scale projects. Coils are for use in factory and/or mobile roll forming equipment to create a variety of panels, including siding, roofing, and structural components.

FIGURE 1

Metal Roofing Panels and Coils – Steel





The products covered in this EPD meet the following physical properties:

TABLE 1

Typical Properties of Base Material (Meets or exceeds ASTM D 4637, Type I)

PROPERTY	VALUE					
Base Metal	AZ50 – Hot dipped Galvalume® (55% Aluminum and 43+% zinc) steel sheet, commercial weight, meeting ASTM A792/A792M					
Minimum Yield	50 KSI					
Co-efficient of Thermal Expansion	06.7 x 10 ⁻⁶ in/in/F° (13.9 m/m.K x 10 ⁻⁶)					
Modules of Elasticity	29.0 x 10 ⁶ x KSI (200 GPa)					
Specification	ASTM E111-4					

TABLE 2 **Product Components**

MATERIAL	AVERAGE PERCENTAGE COMPOSITION					
Steel Coils and Panels	99.0%					
Coating	1.0%					

TABLE 3 Recycled Content

RECYCLED CONTENT	PERCENTAGE				
Steel	50% - 78%				

Note: No substances required to be reported as hazardous or dangerous are associated with the production of steel coils.

LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT

DECLARED UNIT

The declared unit is 100 m² of metal product.

SYSTEM BOUNDARY

This EPD is a cradle-to-gate with options EPD, covering the life cycle stages indicated in Table 4.

TABLE 4

Life Cycle Product Stages

	UCTION S ANDATOR		CONSTR STA		USE STAGE						END-OF-LIFE STAGE			Ē	BENEFITS AND LOADS BEYOND SYSTEM BOUNDARY	
Extraction and upstream production	Transport to factory	Manufacturing	Transport to site	Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational Energy Use	Operational Water use	De-construction / Demolition	Transport to waste processing or disposal	Waste processing	Disposal of waste	Reuse, Recovery, Recycling Potential
A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	B1	B2	В3	B4	B5	В6	В7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	Х	X	Х	X	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	X	X	Х	X	X

NOTE: MND = module not declared; X = module included

CUT-OFF

Items excluded from system boundary include:

- production, manufacture and construction of manufacturing capital goods and infrastructure;
- production and manufacture of production equipment, delivery vehicles, and laboratory equipment;
- · personnel-related activities (travel, furniture, and office supplies); and
- energy and water use related to company management and sales activities that may be located either within the factory site or at another location.

ALLOCATION PROCEDURE

Allocation follows the requirements and guidance of ISO 14044:2006, Clause 4.3.4; and ISO 21930:2017 section 7.2. Recycling and recycled content is modeled using the cut-off rule.

MANUFACTURING

A1 - A3, Production Stage

Roll Form Panels

Roll forming process is a continuous process where metal passes through a series of precision-contouring rollers that gradually bend the metal into the desired shape. Pre-coated steel is received in coils with different gauges. The coil is unwound and cut to the desired size. The steel sheets are then passed through rollers that bend the metal into a specific profile. Upon request, a protective film is placed on the panel's coated side. Panels are shipped in wood crates to ensure product integrity.

Flat Panels

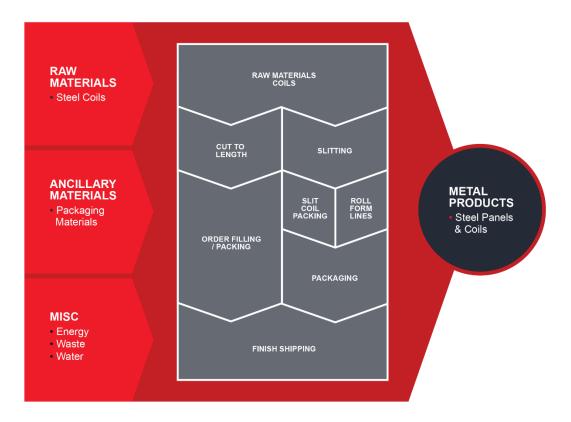
Pre-coated steel is received in coils. The coil is unwound and cut to the desired size. Panels are packaged on wood skids with edge boards. Edges, trim and flashing are cut and formed by the customer.

Coils

Pre-coated steel is received in coils. The coil is unwound and cut to the desired width and length. The coil is wound onto a cardboard coil and placed on a pallet for shipment.

FIGURE 2

Process Flow Diagram of UNA-CLAD™ Steel Architectural Sheet & Coil



A4, TRANSPORTATION

An average truck and transport distance from the plant to the construction site is assumed.

A5, INSTALLATION

The installation scenario includes the energy and ancillary materials typically consumed to mechanically install steel metal panels on a standard-shaped roof of 20,000 square feet, with a total panel weight of 11,920 pounds.

B1 - B7, USE STAGE

Use stage information modules have been omitted from this LCA study.

C1 - C4, END-OF-LIFE STAGE

At the end of building service life and during product replacement, the metal panels may be recycled, reused, recovered and repurposed, or disposed. Steel is highly recyclable, therefore, 95% of product recyclability at the end-of-life was assumed. The remaining 5% was assumed to be disposed of in a landfill. Average distances for waste processing were considered.

D, BENEFITS BEYOND BOUNDARY

A net scrap approach was taken to represent the benefits and impacts related to the potential steel recycling and raw material substitution.

LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT RESULTS

TABLE 5: **UNA-CLAD™ Metal Roofing Panels and Coils - Steel,** per 100 m²

IMPACT ASSESSMENT UNIT	PRODUCTION (A1-A3)	TRANSPORT (A4)	INSTALLATION (A5)	DEMOLITION (C1)	TRANSPORT TO WASTE PROCESSING (C2)	DISPOSAL OF WASTE (C4)	BENEFITS BEYOND THE SYSTEM BOUNDARY
Global warming potential (GWP) ¹	(kg CO₂ eq)				(==)		(D)
22 gauge	7.93E+02	1.95E-02	1.35E+01	1.23E+01	1.47E+00	3.50E-01	-5.69E+02
24 gauge	1.16E+03	2.85E-02	1.35E+01	1.80E+01	2.14E+00	5.11E-01	-8.30E+02
Depletion potential of the stratos	pheric ozone laver (Ol	DP) (ka CFC-11 ea)					
22 gauge	2.51E-05	8.15E-13	3.51E-07	1.96E-06	6.13E-11	3.11E-08	-1.02E-05
24 gauge	3.66E-05	1.19E-12	3.51E-07	2.86E-06	8.96E-11	4.54E-08	-1.49E-05
Eutrophication potential (EP) (kg			0.012 01	2.002 00	0.002 11	1.012 00	1.102 00
22 gauge	3.51E+00	1.50E-05	2.54E-02	1.33E-02	1.13E-03	6.11E-04	1.22E+00
24 gauge	5.13E+00	2.19E-05	2.54E-02	1.94E-02	1.65E-03	8.93E-04	1.78E+00
Acidification potential of soil and			2.04L-02	1.542-02	1.002-00	0.30L-04	1.702.00
	4.15E+00	2.49E-04	2.62E-02	1.18E-01	1.88E-02	2.98E-03	-1.66E+00
22 gauge							
24 gauge	6.06E+00	3.64E-04	2.62E-02	1.73E-01	2.74E-02	4.35E-03	-2.42E+00
Formation potential of troposphe	, ,,,,		5.045.04	0.505.00	4.045.04	4.505.00	4.045.04
22 gauge	6.49E+01	6.39E-03	5.31E-01	3.52E+00	4.81E-01	4.50E-02	-1.94E+01
24 gauge	9.48E+01	9.33E-03	5.31E-01	5.14E+00	7.02E-01	6.58E-02	-2.83E+01
Resource Use							
Abiotic depletion potential for no		, ,					
22 gauge	1.04E-06	0.00E+00	3.40E-06	2.46E-08	0.00E+00	3.42E-07	-7.77E-05
24 gauge	1.52E-06	0.00E+00	3.40E-06	3.60E-08	0.00E+00	4.99E-07	-1.13E-04
Abiotic depletion potential for fos	ssil resources (ADP _{foss}	sil) (MJ, NCV)					
22 gauge	2.35E+03	2.77E-01	4.68E+01	1.70E+02	2.08E+01	4.03E+00	-6.78E+03
24 gauge	3.43E+03	4.04E-01	4.68E+01	2.48E+02	3.04E+01	5.89E+00	-9.90E+03
Renewable primary energy resou	rces as energy (fuel),	(RPRE) ^{2*} (MJ, NCV)					
22 gauge	4.03E+03	0.00E+00	9.43E-01	3.33E+00	0.00E+00	1.31E-01	-1.68E+02
24 gauge	5.89E+03	0.00E+00	9.43E-01	4.86E+00	0.00E+00	1.91E-01	-2.45E+02
Renewable primary resources as	material, (RPRM)2* (M	J, NCV)					
22 gauge	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24 gauge	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Non-renewable primary resource:	s as energy (fuel), (NR	RPRE)2* (MJ, NCV)					
22 gauge	1.10E+04	2.77E-01	4.67E+01	1.74E+02	2.08E+01	4.73E+00	-7.51E+03
24 gauge	1.60E+04	4.04E-01	4.67E+01	2.53E+02	3.04E+01	6.91E+00	-1.10E+04
Non-renewable primary resource:				2.002 - 02	0.012 01	0.012 00	
22 gauge	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24 gauge	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Consumption of fresh water, (FW		0.002100	0.00L100	0.00L100	0.00L100	0.00L100	0.002100
	1.07E+01	0.00E+00	8.62E-02	4.35E-02	0.00E+00	5.53E-03	2.74E+01
22 gauge							
24 gauge	1.56E+01	0.00E+00	8.62E-02	6.36E-02	0.00E+00	8.07E-03	4.01E+01
Secondary Material, Fuel and Rec	covered Energy						
Secondary Materials, (SM) ^{2*} (kg)	0.005.00	0.005.00	0.005.00	0.005.00	0.005.00	0.005.00	0.00= 00
22 gauge	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24 gauge	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Renewable secondary fuels, (RSF	, , , ,						
22 gauge	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24 gauge	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Non-renewable secondary fuels (NRSF) ^{2*} (MJ, NCV)						
22 gauge	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24 gauge	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Recovered energy, (RE) ^{2*} (MJ, NC	CV)						
22 gauge	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
24 gauge	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Waste & Output Flows							
	12* (Icm)						
lazardous waste disposed, (HW)	(KQ)						

 $^{^1\}mbox{GWP}$ 100; 100-year time horizon GWP factors are provided by the IPCC 2013 Fifth Assessment Report (AR5). $^2\mbox{Calculated}$ per ACLCA ISO 21930 Guidance.

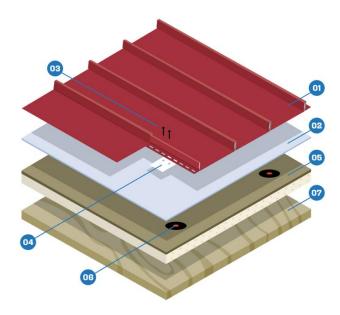
24 gauge	4.18E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00				
Non-hazardous waste disposed, (NHWD) ^{3*} (kg)											
22 gauge	1.56E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.46E+01	0.00E+00				
24 gauge	2.28E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.14E+01	0.00E+00				
High-level radioactive waste, (HLRW) 3* (kg)											
22 gauge	1.64E-08	0.00E+00	-1.10E-09	1.89E-09	0.00E+00	3.78E-10	-2.92E-07				
24 gauge	2.40E-08	0.00E+00	-1.10E-09	2.76E-09	0.00E+00	5.52E-10	-4.26E-07				
Intermediate and low-level radioactive waste, (ILLRW) 3* (kg)											
22 gauge	7.90E-08	0.00E+00	-5.31E-09	9.11E-09	0.00E+00	1.82E-09	-1.41E-06				
24 gauge	1.15E-07	0.00E+00	-5.31E-09	1.33E-08	0.00E+00	2.66E-09	-2.05E-06				
Components for reuse, (CRU) ^{3*} (kg)											
22 gauge	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00				
24 gauge	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00				
Materials for recycling, (MR) ^{3*} (kg)											
22 gauge	1.56E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00				
24 gauge	2.28E+01	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00				
Materials for energy recovery, (MER) ^{3*} (kg)											
22 gauge	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00				
24 gauge	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00				
Recovered energy exported from the product system, (EE) ³⁺ (MJ, NCV)											
22 gauge	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00				
24 gauge	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00				
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^{*}Emerging LCA impact categories and inventory items are still under development and can have high levels of uncertainty that preclude international acceptance pending further development. Use caution when interpreting data in these categories. The following optional indicators are not reported and also have high levels of uncertainty: Land use related impacts, toxicological aspects, and emissions from land use change

**Only EPDs prepared from cradle-to-grave life-cycle results and based on the same function, quantified by the same functional unit, and taking account of replacement based on the product reference service life (RSL) relative to an assumed building service life, can be used to assist purchasers and users in making informed comparisons between products.

When comparing EPDs created using this PCR, variations and deviations are possible. Example of variations: Different LCA software and background LCI datasets may lead to different results for unstream of the life cycle stages declared. results for upstream or downstream of the life cycle stages declared.

ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION



Elevate Metal Roofing System

1. Elevate Una-Clad Panel

- Elevate metals are fabricated from 79% post-consumer recycled scrap and 7% pre-consumer recycled scrap. Elevate metals reduce the need to mine raw materials by utilizing scrap waste.
- All Elevate metal products are recyclable at the end of the product life cycle.

2. Elevate Clad-Gard Underlayment

3. Elevate Fasteners with Nylon Washer

• Elevate metal fasteners contain up to 100% recycled content.

4. Elevate UC Bearing Plate

5. ISOGARD GL or ISOGARD CG Insulation – Mechanically Attached or Adhered

- All Elevate polyisocyanurate insulations use EPA accepted blowing agents. Elevate ISOGARD GL and ISOGARD CG insulation incorporates a HCFC-free blowing agent that does not contribute to the depletion of the ozone layer (ODP-free).
- The thermal performance of ISOGARD polyiso insulation is up to 40% better than major competitors when tested by an independent third party in cold temperature 40°F (4°C) applications according to ASTM C1289 standards. The increased R-value per inch means better thermal performance from the same roofing systems using the same amount of insulation compared to leading competitive products on the market today.

6. Elevate Metal Plates and Fasteners

• Elevate metal plates contain a minimum of 25% recycled content.

7. Roof Deck

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