



AN ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

According to ISO 14025:2006 and ISO 21930:2017

COMMERCIAL URINAL PRODUCT GROUP

FGI

FGI-INDUSTRIES (FGI) is pleased to present this average product group environmental product declaration (EPD) for its commercial urinals. This EPD was developed in compliance with ISO 14025:2006, ISO 21930:2017 and is verified by ASTM International.

This cradle-to-grave EPD includes life cycle assessment (LCA) results for the production, construction, use, and end-of-life stages of FGI's commercial urinal product group. This EPD is intended for both business-to-business and business-to-consumer communication.

For more information about FGI-Industries sanitary ware products and product lines, please visit: www.fgi-industries.com.

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ASTM CERTIFICATION PAGE

This Type III Environmental Product Declaration (EPD) presents the cradle-to-grave LCA results for FGI’s commercial urinal product group. The EPD results are representative of FGI’s commercial urinal product group (weighted average) as manufactured by Huida Sanitary Ware Co., Ltd and distributed in North America by FGI under various brand names. This EPD also reports minimum and maximum values for the product group in accordance with the sub-product category rule.

This EPD is certified by ASTM to conform to the UL PCR Part A: Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules and Report Requirements, UL 10010, Version 3.2, December 2018 and UL PCR Part B: Sanitary Ceramics, UL 10010–2, June 2018, as well as to the requirements of ISO 14025:2006, ISO 21930:2017, ISO 14040:2006, ISO 14044:2006, and ASTM International’s General Program Instructions, Version: 8.0, Revised 04/29/2020. This EPD is intended for business-to-business and business-to-consumer audiences.

PROGRAM OPERATOR	ASTM International
DECLARATION HOLDER	FGI – Industries (Corporate Canada) 5970 Chedworth Way, Unit B Mississauga, ON, L5R 4G5 Canada Link: www.fgi-industries.com <i>The owner of the declaration is liable for the underlying information and evidence.</i>
DECLARATION NUMBER	EPD 463
PRODUCT GROUP AND NAME	Vitreous Sanitary Ceramic Wares commercial urinal (UNSPSC code 30181506)
DECLARED PRODUCT AND UNIT	FGI’s commercial urinal product group (weighted average), one piece
PRODUCT DEFINITION	- Vitreous China - Various efficiencies available - Mounting hardware included - Flushometer not included
REFERENCE PCR	UL Environment Part A : Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules and Report Requirements, December 2018, v3.2, UL 10010. UL Environment, Product Category Rule Guidance for Building-Related Products and Services; Part B : Sanitary Ceramic EPD Requirements, June 2018, UL 10010–2.

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APPLICABLE MARKETS	North America
DATE OF ISSUE AND VALIDITY PERIOD	24-05-2023 – 5 years
EPD TYPE	Company-specific product group EPD (weighted average), including minimum and maximum results
EPD SCOPE	Cradle-to-grave (A1 to C4)
REFERENCE YEAR FOR MANUFACTURER PRIMARY DATA	2021
LCA SOFTWARE AND VERSION NUMBER	SimaPro v9.4.0.2
LCI DATABASES	Ecoinvent v3.8, USLCI database
LCIA METHODOLOGY	TRACI 2.1 v1.06, CED (LHV) v1.0, CML-baseline, v4.7
EPD VERIFICATION This EPD was independently verified by ASTM in accordance with ISO 14025, ISO 21930, and the reference PCR:	Tim Brooke ASTM International 100 Barr Harbor Drive, PO Box C700 West Conshohocken, PA 19428-2959, USA www.astm.org <i>For any explanatory material, please contact the program operator.</i>
LCA REVIEW The LCA report was independently reviewed to be in accordance with ISO 14025, ISO 21930, ISO 14040/44, and the reference PCR by: External X	Thomas P. Gloria, Ph. D. Industrial Ecology Consultants 35 Bracebridge Rd. Newton, MA
EPD PREPARED BY:  Athena Sustainable Materials Institute	Athena Sustainable Materials Institute 280 Albert Street, Suite 404 Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K1P 5G8 info@athenasmi.org http://www.athenasmi.org

LIMITATIONS:

Environmental declarations from different programs (ISO 14025) may not be comparable. Comparison of the environmental performance of Sanitary Ceramic products using EPD information shall be based on the product's use and impacts at the building level, and therefore EPDs may not be used for comparability purposes when not considering the building use phase as instructed under this PCR.

Full conformance with the PCR for Sanitary Ceramics allows EPD comparability only when all stages of a life cycle have been considered when they comply with all referenced standards, use the same sub-category PCR, and use equivalent scenarios with respect to construction works. However, variations and deviations are possible. Example of variations: Different LCA software and background LCI datasets may lead to different results upstream or downstream of the declared life cycle stages.

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COMPANY DESCRIPTION

Over the course of 35 years, FGI Industries Ltd has built an industry-wide reputation for product innovation, quality, and excellent customer service. FGI is currently focused on the following product categories: sanitaryware, bath furniture, shower systems, custom kitchen cabinetry and other accessory items. FGI’s sanitaryware products are manufactured by Huida Sanitary Ware Co., Ltd, at the facility located at No.7, Huida Road, Huanggezhuang Town, Fengnan District, Tangshan, Hebei, China.

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION AND APPLICABLE STANDARDS

This EPD represents FGI’s commercial urinal product group (weighted average) as manufactured by Huida Sanitary Ware Co., Ltd and distributed in North America by FGI under various brand names (see Table 2). The weighted average across all FGI’s packaged commercial urinals is calculated based on production volume for the reference year 2021 as described in UL PCR Part A, Section 2.5.2.

	Commercial Urinal (FGI’s product group) • Vitreous China • Various efficiencies available • Mounting hardware included • Flushometer not included. Certifications – IAPMO cUPC – ASME A112.19.2 / CSA B45.1 – US EPA WaterSense® – LEED Compliant
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MATERIAL CONTENT

Table 1 below presents the material content of FGI’s one packaged commercial urinal product group on a percent basis (%).

Table 1. Base material content of the product- FGI’s one packaged commercial urinal product group

Material	Function	Quantity (% by weight)
Clay	Slip and glaze ingredient	50%-60%
Feldspar	Slip and glaze ingredient	20%-30%
Silica	Slip and glaze ingredient	5%-10%
Hardware and Packaging	Miscellaneous Hardware and Packaging	5%-10%

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MANUFACTURING, PACKAGING, TRANSPORTATION, AND INSTALLATION

Vitreous ceramic sanitary ware is manufactured in China by casting a mix of clay, feldspar, and silica with water into a reusable mold. When partially dried, the casting is then sprayed with an aqueous glaze and fired in a kiln to “vitrify” the ware. The product is then fitted with hardware, packaged, and shipped to various NA distribution locations. The declared product group is transported from the Chinese plant to distribution locations in Canada and the USA by truck, ocean freight, and rail. The declared product group is transported from the distribution locations to the installation site 500 km by truck (see Table 3, Module A4).

Vitreous ceramic sanitary ware is packaged primarily with double-wall corrugated containerboard. Other packaging materials include expanded polystyrene (EPS) and honeycomb paperboard blocking. This EPD conservatively assumes that packaging materials are disposed in landfill (see Table 3, module A5). Per PCR Table 7, no operational energy use (manual) is assumed to be consumed during the installation (A5).

CONDITIONS OF USE, RSL, CLEANING AND MAINTENANCE

Commercial urinal product group will include water use impacts in the EPD results (see Table 3, module B7). The reference service life (RSL) of commercial urinal product group is assumed 20 years (see Table 3). Commercial urinal product group is assumed to require 365 cleanings per year with 50 ml of 10% HCl solution (see Table 3, module B2).

No repair, replacement, refurbishment, or operational energy use are assumed to be required during the service life of 20 years (see Table 3, modules B3, B4, B5 and B6).

END OF LIFE STAGE

Per PCR Table 7, no operational energy use (manual) is assumed to be consumed during the installation (A5). Per PCR, section 2.19, the FGI’s LCA model assumes that the vitreous portion of the product and accessories are transported 100 km by truck to the final disposal and landfilled.

DESCRIPTION OF THE FUNCTIONAL UNIT

The functional unit for this study is FGI’s one packaged commercial urinal product group (weighted average) with a reference service life (RSL) of 20 years over a service life of 20 years. Table 2 describes the functional unit. FGI’s minimum and maximum values are one packaged commercial urinal having the lowest or highest mass in the product group.

Table 2. Description of functional unit- FGI’s commercial urinal product group

Name	Value	Unit
Declared product group	One packaged commercial urinal product group	
FGI’s weighted average mass (min/max)	23.54 (15.14/30.15)	kg
Conversion factor to 1kg	0.042	
FGI’s weighted average flush rate (min/max)	3.8E-3 (3.8E-3/3.8E-3)	m³pf
Flow rate	-	m³/sec
Brands	contrac®, Mainline®, Proflo®	

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SYSTEM BOUNDARY

The system boundary for the EPD is cradle-to-grave as depicted in Figure 1 below and in accordance with PCR.

Cradle to grave with options	Product Stage			Construction Process Stage		Use Stage							End of Life Stage				Benefits and Loads Beyond the System Boundaries
	Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from gate to the site	Assembly/ Install	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery-Recycling potential
	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MND

Description of the System Boundary Stages Corresponding to the PCR
(X = Included; MND = Module Not Declared)

Figure 1. Declared life cycle stages and their information modules as per the PCR

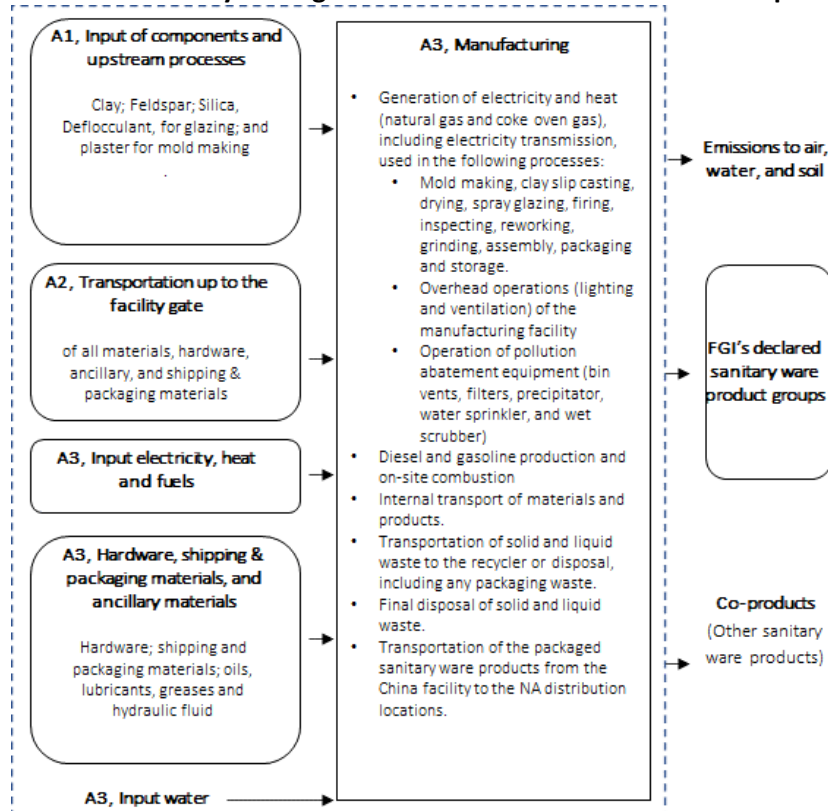


Figure 2. Production stage (A1 to A3) system boundary of FGI's vitreous ceramic sanitary ware

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CUT-OFF RULES

The cut-off criteria as per the governing PCR were followed. Per ISO 21930, 7.1.8, all input/output data required were collected and included in the LCI modelling. No known flows are deliberately excluded from this EPD. No substances with hazardous and toxic properties that pose a concern for human health and/or the environment were identified in the framework of this EPD.

Per PCR, 3.2, this EPD excludes the following items:

Capital goods and infrastructure flows.

Personnel-related activities, such as travel and office supplies.

ALLOCATION

The manufacturing facility in China produces various sanitary ceramics products, so allocation was necessary. “Mass” was used as the physical parameter for allocating flows between the FGI and other distributors of sanitary ceramic products to calculate the input material flows, energy flows (electricity and fuels), ancillary materials used at the facility, total water consumption, process emissions to air and water and waste flows. “Mass” based, plant-specific data for each piece of the product group were used to calculate the input raw materials, hardware, shipping, and packaging materials, and transportation data. The LCI modeling accounts for on-site processes' manufacturing yield (waste loss). In addition, allocation related to transport is based on the mass of transported inputs and outputs.

ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

Key assumptions and estimates are as follows (also see Table 3):

- Product transport impacts from the production facility in China to distribution locations in North America is captured in module A3 on a weighted average basis.
- Product transport from North American distribution locations to the point of installation (A4) and from the final customer to landfill (C2) are modelled based on the default values prescribed in the PCR.
- Product and packaging are assumed to be landfilled at the end of life.

DATA COLLECTION, SOURCES, AND CALCULATIONS

Primary gate-to-gate LCI manufacturing and inbound/outbound transportation data were collected for the declared product groups for the reference year 2021 (12 consecutive months).

Data calculation procedures follow ISO 14044 and ISO 21930. The LCA model was developed using SimaPro v.9.4.0.2 2023. SimaPro LCA software contains recognized databases (e.g., ecoinvent v3.8, 2021 database, Allocation, Cut-off by classification, and U.S. LCI Database, 2015) that provide LCI datasets for upstream, core, and downstream material and processes. SimaPro 9.4.0.2 2023 also contains the U.S. EPA TRACI v2.1 2012 and CML-baseline version 4.7 2016 LCIA methodologies, and the Cumulative Energy Demand, LHV (NCV) version 1.0 November 2018 which are used for this LCA study. Per ISO 21930, 7.2.2 (2), when transforming the inputs and outputs of combustible material into inputs and outputs of energy, the net calorific value (lower heating value) of fuels is applied according to scientifically based and accepted values specific to the combustible material.

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DATA QUALITY REQUIREMENTS AND ASSESSMENT

Data Quality Requirements	Description
Technology Coverage	Data represents the prevailing technology in use in China. For all upstream and core materials and processes, China-specific or international typical or average industry LCI datasets were utilized whenever available. <i>Technological representativeness is characterized as "high".</i>
Geographic Coverage	The geographic region considered is Global. The geographic coverage of all LCI databases and datasets is provided in the background LCA report. <i>Geographical representativeness is characterized as "high".</i>
Time Coverage	Activity data are representative as of 2021. - Porcelain (clay slip) production collected for the reference year 2021 (12 months); - Inbound/ outbound transportation data- primary data collected from the Chinese plant and from FGI to distribution locations in Canada and the USA: the reference year 2021 (12 months); - Generic data: the most appropriate LCI datasets were used as found in the US LCI Database, ecoinvent v.3.8 database, November 2021. <i>Temporal representativeness is characterized as "high".</i>
Completeness	All relevant, specific processes, including inputs (raw materials, energy, water flows, ancillary materials, hardware, shipping and packaging), outputs (emissions to air, water and land, liquid and solid waste, and production volume), inbound and outbound transportation data, and flow rates per product were considered and modeled to provide a product group average for each of the product systems of interest. The completeness of the cradle-to-grave process chain in terms of process steps is rigorously assessed for all products of interest and documented in the LCA report. Crosschecks concerning the completeness and plausibility of input and output flows were continuously conducted. The LCA team conducted mass and energy balances at the facility and product levels. Whenever data gaps, outliers, or other inconsistencies were identified, Athena engaged with the data provider to clarify and/or resolve any open issues.
Consistency	To ensure consistency, the LCI modeling of the production weighted input and output LCI data for each sanitary ware product used the same LCI modeling structure, which consisted of input raw, secondary, ancillary, hardware and packaging materials, intermediate products, energy flows, water inputs, product outputs, emissions to air, water and soil, and solid and liquid waste disposal (if applicable). Similarly, all downstream scenarios were based on the same model.
Reproducibility	Internal reproducibility is possible since the data and the models are stored and available in the <i>Athena FGI LCI database</i> developed in SimaPro, 2023. A high level of transparency is provided throughout the report as the weighted average LCI profile is presented, as well as minimum and maximum inputs/outputs. Key primary (manufacturer-specific) and secondary (generic) LCI data sources are summarized in the Project Report. External reproducibility is possible with access to the project report. However, the project report is not in the public domain.
Transparency	Activity and LCI datasets, including data sources, are transparently disclosed in the project report.
Uncertainty	As this study presents an average product group EPD results, the PCR requires reporting min/max range results, which summarize the expected range of possible outcomes together. As such, the min/max range of EPD results duly addresses the uncertainty of the average product group EPD results and any conclusions that may be drawn.

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LCA MODELING SCENARIOS (A4-C4)

Table 3. LCA modeling scenarios – Commercial urinal product group

Transport from gate to the building site (A4)		
Name	Value	Unit
Litres of fuel ¹	30.2	l/kg*km
Transport from gate to the building site	500	km
Capacity utilization (including empty runs)	-	
Gross density of products transported	-	
Capacity utilization volume factor	-	
* https://www.lcacommons.gov/lca-collaboration/National_Renewable_Energy_Laboratory/		
USLCI_Public_2023_Q1_v1/dataset/PROCESS/ae685da05-1a42-3fe1-a68b-6db458be5e07		
Installation into the building (A5)		
Name	Value	Unit
Auxiliary material	-	kg
Water consumption	-	m³
Other resources	-	km
Electricity consumption	-	kWh
Other energy carriers	-	MJ
Product loss per functional unit	-	kg
Waste material at the construction site-Average	2.98	kg
Output materials-on-site waste processing	-	kg
Direct emissions to ambient air, soil and water	-	kg
Transport from building site to landfill	100	km
Reference service life		
Name	Value	Unit
Reference service life (RSL)	20	years
Building Estimated Service life	75	years
Maintenance (B2)		
Name	Value	Unit
Maintenance process information	-	
Maintenance cycle-RSL	7300	Number/RSL
Maintenance cycle-ESL	27375	Number/ESL
Water consumption	-	m³
Auxiliary material (cleaning agent per RSL)	383.3	kg
Other resources	-	kg
Electricity consumption	-	kWh
Other energy carriers	-	MJ
Power output of equipment	-	kW
Material loss	-	kg
Direct emissions to air, soil and water	-	kg
Maintenance per year	365	
Cleaning agent	50	ml
Density cleaning solution	1.05	g/ml
Cleaning Solution	10% HCl solution	

Repair (B3)		
Name	Value	Unit
Repair process information	-	-
Inspection process information	-	-
Repair cycle-RSL	-	Number/RSL
Repair cycle-ESL	-	Number/ ESL
Water consumption	-	m³
Auxiliary	-	kg
Other resources	-	kg
Electricity consumption	-	kWh
Other energy carriers	-	MJ
Material loss	-	kg
Direct emissions to air, soil and water	-	kg
Replacement (B4)		
Name	Value	Unit
Replacement cycle-RSL	0	(RSL/RSL)-1
Replacement cycle-ESL	2.8	(ESL/RSL)-1
Electricity consumption	-	kWh
Liters of fuel	-	l/100 km
Water consumption	-	m³
Auxiliary material	-	kg
Replacement of worn parts	-	kg
Direct emissions to air, soil and water	-	kg
Refurbishment (B5)		
Name	Value	Unit
Refurbishment cycle-RSL	-	Number/RSL
Refurbishment cycle-ESL	-	Number/ESL
Electricity consumption	-	kWh
Liters of fuel	-	l/100 km
Water consumption	-	m³
Auxiliary material	-	kg
Replacement of worn parts	-	kg
Direct emissions to air, soil and water	-	kg
Operational energy use (B6) and water use (B7)		
Name	Value	Unit
Water consumption-Average	55.2	m³/p/RSL
Electricity consumption	0	kWh
Other energy carriers	-	MJ
Equipment output	-	kW
Direct emissions to air, soil and water	-	kg
Uses per day	2.00	flushes/day/person
End of life (C1-C4)		
Name	Value	Unit
Collected separately	-	kg
Mixed construction waste-Average	20.56	kg
Reuse	-	kg
Recycling	-	kg
Energy recovery	-	kg
Landfilling-Average	20.56	kg
Transport from building site to landfill (C2)	100	km

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LIFE CYCLE ASSESSMENT RESULTS

This section summarizes the product group average life cycle impact assessment (LCIA) results including resource use and waste generated metrics based on the weighted average cradle-to-grave life cycle inventory inputs and outputs analysis (Table 4). Tables 5 and 6 present the life cycle results for minimum mass and maximum mass product satisfying the function – a commercial urinal. As per the US EPA Tool for the Reduction and Assessment of Chemical and Other Environmental Impacts (TRACI), version 2.1, 2012 impact categories are used as they provide a North American context for the mandatory category indicators to be included in this EPD.

It should be noted that *LCIA results are relative expressions and do not predict impacts on category endpoints, the exceeding of thresholds, safety margins or risks.*

Table 4. Cradle-to-grave (A1-C4) EPD Results – Commercial urinal product group (Weighted average), RSL 20 years

Impact category and inventory indicators	Unit	Total	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	B7	C2	C4
GWP 100 ¹⁾	kg CO ₂ eq	132.1	55.4	1.1	0.1	30.3	44.4	0.7	0.1
ODP ¹⁾	kg CFC-11 eq	2.2E-05	5.5E-06	4.8E-11	1.7E-09	1.3E-05	2.9E-06	2.8E-11	1.1E-08
SFP ¹⁾	kg O ₃ eq	11.7	6.3	0.4	0.0	2.6	2.2	0.2	0.02
AP ¹⁾	kg SO ₂ eq	0.771	0.378	0.015	0.001	0.181	0.189	0.007	4.9E-04
EP ¹⁾	kg N eq	0.528	0.221	0.001	6.2E-05	0.105	0.200	3.7E-04	5.3E-05
FFD ¹⁾	MJ surplus, LHV	129.4	50.9	2.4	0.2	29.0	45.4	1.4	0.1
ADPF ²⁾	MJ, LHV	1,669.9	780.0	16.2	1.5	355.6	506.7	9.3	0.7
RPR _E	MJ, LHV	145.1	36.0	0	4.2E-04	35.7	73.4	0	2.9E-03
RPR _M ³⁾	MJ, LHV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRPR _E	MJ, LHV	1,863.2	802.6	16.3	1.5	396.2	636.5	9.5	0.7
NRPR _M ³⁾	MJ, LHV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SM ³⁾	kg	0.433	0.433	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF ³⁾	MJ, LHV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF ³⁾	MJ, LHV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RE ³⁾	MJ, LHV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW ³⁾	m ³	56.7	0.4	0	0	1.1	55.3	0	1.5E-05
HWD ³⁾	kg	3.7E-02	3.7E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0
NHWD ³⁾	kg	29.8	6.2	0	3.0	0	0	0	20.6
HLRW ³⁾	m ³	1.6E-07	1.2E-08	0	1.7E-13	3.5E-08	1.2E-07	0	1.2E-12
ILLRW ³⁾	m ³	2.7E-06	1.0E-06	0	5.6E-10	5.6E-07	1.1E-06	0	3.8E-09
CRU ³⁾	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MR ³⁾	kg	0.137	0.137	0	0	0	0	0	0
MER ³⁾	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EE ³⁾	MJ, LHV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

See Notes after Table 6

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Table 5. Cradle-to-grave (A1-C4) EPD Results – Commercial urinal product group (Minimum), RSL 20 years

Impact category and inventory indicators	Unit	Total	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	B7	C2	C4
GWP 100 ¹⁾	kg CO ₂ eq	112.8	36.8	0.7	0.1	30.3	44.4	0.4	0.03
ODP ¹⁾	kg CFC-11 eq	2.0E-05	3.7E-06	3.1E-11	1.1E-09	1.3E-05	2.9E-06	1.8E-11	7.3E-09
SFP ¹⁾	kg O ₃ eq	9.4	4.3	0.2	0.0	2.6	2.2	0.1	0.01
AP ¹⁾	kg SO ₂ eq	0.655	0.270	0.010	0.001	0.181	0.189	0.004	3.2E-04
EP ¹⁾	kg N eq	0.465	0.159	0.001	4.0E-05	0.105	0.200	2.4E-04	3.4E-05
FFD ¹⁾	MJ surplus, LHV	112.0	34.9	1.5	0.1	29.0	45.4	0.9	0.1
ADPF ²⁾	MJ, LHV	1,396.3	516.2	10.4	0.9	355.6	506.7	6.0	0.4
RPR _E	MJ, LHV	134.1	25.0	0	2.7E-04	35.7	73.4	0	1.9E-03
RPR _M ³⁾	MJ, LHV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRPR _E	MJ, LHV	1,584.1	533.5	10.5	0.9	396.2	636.5	6.1	0.4
NRPR _M ³⁾	MJ, LHV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SM ³⁾	kg	0.433	0.433	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF ³⁾	MJ, LHV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF ³⁾	MJ, LHV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RE ³⁾	MJ, LHV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW ³⁾	m ³	56.6	0.3	0	0	1.1	55.3	0	9.6E-06
HWD ³⁾	kg	2.3E-02	2.3E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0
NHWD ³⁾	kg	19.1	3.9	0	1.9	0	0	0	13.3
HLRW ³⁾	m ³	1.6E-07	9.0E-09	0	1.1E-13	3.5E-08	1.2E-07	0	7.7E-13
ILLRW ³⁾	m ³	2.4E-06	6.9E-07	0	3.5E-10	5.6E-07	1.1E-06	0	2.5E-09
CRU ³⁾	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MR ³⁾	kg	0.137	0.137	0	0	0	0	0	0
MER ³⁾	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EE ³⁾	MJ, LHV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

See Notes after Table 6

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Table 6. Cradle-to-grave (A1-C4) EPD Results – Commercial urinal product group (Maximum), RSL 20 years

Impact category and inventory indicators	Unit	Total	A1-A3	A4	A5	B2	B7	C2	C4
GWP 100 ¹⁾	kg CO ₂ eq	148.3	71.1	1.5	0.1	30.3	44.4	0.8	0.1
ODP ¹⁾	kg CFC-11 eq	2.4E-05	7.1E-06	6.1E-11	2.1E-09	1.3E-05	2.9E-06	3.5E-11	1.5E-08
SFP ¹⁾	kg O ₃ eq	13.8	8.2	0.5	0.0	2.6	2.2	0.2	0.02
AP ¹⁾	kg SO ₂ eq	0.870	0.471	0.019	0.001	0.181	0.189	0.009	6.3E-04
EP ¹⁾	kg N eq	0.579	0.272	0.001	7.9E-05	0.105	0.200	4.8E-04	6.8E-05
FFD ¹⁾	MJ surplus, LHV	145.2	65.5	3.1	0.3	29.0	45.4	1.8	0.1
ADPF ²⁾	MJ, LHV	1,898.8	1,001.2	20.7	1.9	355.6	506.7	11.9	0.9
RPR _E	MJ, LHV	153.8	44.7	0	5.3E-04	35.7	73.4	0	3.7E-03
RPR _M ³⁾	MJ, LHV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRPR _E	MJ, LHV	2,096.5	1,028.1	20.9	1.9	396.2	636.5	12.1	0.9
NRPR _M ³⁾	MJ, LHV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
SM ³⁾	kg	0.433	0.433	0	0	0	0	0	0
RSF ³⁾	MJ, LHV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NRSF ³⁾	MJ, LHV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RE ³⁾	MJ, LHV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
FW ³⁾	m ³	56.8	0.5	0	0	1.1	55.3	0	1.9E-05
HWD ³⁾	kg	4.7E-02	4.7E-02	0	0	0	0	0	0
NHWD ³⁾	kg	38.1	8.0	0	3.8	0	0	0	26.3
HLRW ³⁾	m ³	1.7E-07	1.5E-08	0	2.2E-13	3.5E-08	1.2E-07	0	1.5E-12
ILLRW ³⁾	m ³	3.0E-06	1.3E-06	0	7.1E-10	5.6E-07	1.1E-06	0	4.9E-09
CRU ³⁾	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
MR ³⁾	kg	0.137	0.137	0	0	0	0	0	0
MER ³⁾	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EE ³⁾	MJ, LHV	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

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Notes to Tables 4, 5 and 6:

¹⁾ Calculated as per U.S EPA TRACI v2.1, with IPCC 2013 (AR 5), SimaPro v 9.4.0.2.

GWP 100, excludes biogenic CO₂ removals and emissions associated with any biobased products, including bio-based packaging; There is no biogenic content in the declared products. 100-year time horizon GWP factors are provided by the IPCC 2013 Fifth Assessment Report (AR5), TRACI v2.1 with AR5, v1.06. FFD is required in LEED v4.1 MR Credit: Building Product Disclosure and Optimization – Environmental Product Declarations.

UL Part A, “these six impact categories are globally deemed mature enough to be included in Type III environmental declarations. Other categories are being developed and defined and LCA should continue making advances in their development. However, the EPD users shall not use additional measures for comparative purposes”.

²⁾ ADPf are calculated as per CML-IA Baseline v4.7 2016, SimaPro v 9.4.0.2.

³⁾ Calculated as per ACLCA ISO 21930 Guidance 2019.

⁴⁾ Per ISO 21930, 7.1.7.1, “individual indicators for information modules A1, A2 and A3 may be aggregated to a total for each indicator in the production stage”

⁵⁾ The environmental burden of modules B1, B3, B4, B5, B6, C1 and C4 is null.

⁶⁾ The following abbreviations are used for Impact category and inventory indicators:

Global warming potential, GWP-100

Ozone depletion potential, ODP

Smog formation potential, SFP

Acidification potential, AP

Eutrophication potential, EP

Fossil fuel depletion, FFD

Abiotic depletion potential, fossil ADPf

Renewable primary resources used as an energy carrier (fuel), RPR_E

Renewable primary resources with energy content used as material, RPR_M

Non-renewable primary resources used as an energy carrier (fuel), NRPR_E

Non-renewable primary resources with energy content used as material, NRPR_M

Secondary materials, SM

Renewable secondary fuels, RSF

Non-renewable secondary fuels, NRSF

Recovered energy, RE

Consumption of freshwater, FW

Hazardous waste disposed, HWD

Non-hazardous waste disposed, NHWD

High-level radioactive waste, conditioned, to final repository, HLRW

Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste, conditioned, to final repository, ILLRW

Components for re-use, CRU

Materials for recycling, MR

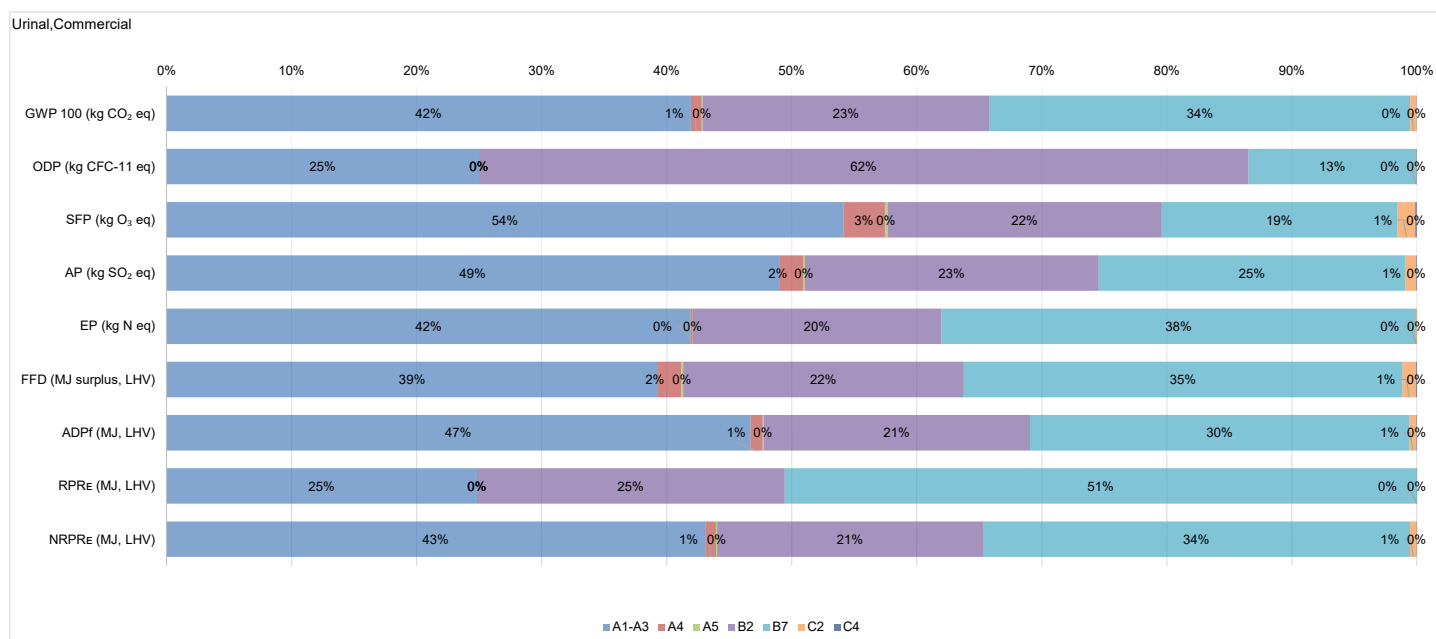
Materials for energy recovery, MER

Recovered energy exported from the product system, EE

INTERPRETATION

Figure 3 below provides a contribution analysis by information module across the LCIA indicators and primary energy use. As is evident, the Production stage (A1-A3), Operational water use (B7) and Maintenance (B2) account for the majority of the LCIA impacts and energy use. All other life cycle modules are minor contributors to the results. Manufacturing impacts are primarily driven by energy use (electricity, natural gas, and coke-oven gas).

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**Figure 3. Cradle-to-grave (A1-C4) EPD results – Commercial urinal product group (weighted average)-
% Contribution by module**

ADDITIONAL ENVIRONMENTAL INFORMATION

- Applicable Green Building Certification Schemes
The US Green Building Council's Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) v4 and v4.1 green rating system reward building projects across the LEED rating systems (Building Design and Construction, BD+C, Interior Design and Construction, ID+C, Neighborhood Development, ND, and Homes), for selecting products from manufacturers who have disclosed and verified potential environmental impacts.
LEED v4.1, MR Credit 2, EPDs- Option 1 applies to BD+C rating system (New Construction, Core & Shell, Schools, Retail, Data Centers, Warehouses & Distribution Centers, Hospitality, and Healthcare: 1 point); ID+C rating system (Commercial Interiors, Retail, and Hospitality: 1 point), ND rating system (new land developments, land redevelopments, residential, mixed-use, commercial, and industrial: 1 point); and Homes rating system (Homes, Multifamily Low-rise, Multifamily Midrise: 1 point).
- The Huida Sanitary Ware Co., Ltd is ISO 9001 and ISO 14001 certified.
- Pollution abatement equipment in use at the Huida Sanitary Ware Co includes bin vents, drum filters, precipitators, water sprinklers and wet scrubbers to limit particulate matter emissions or general dust control.
- *No substances of high concern were identified in the framework of this EPD.*

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