

Environmental Product Declaration



Sika Egypt

Sikagard 552 W



ASTM INTERNATIONAL

According to
EN 15804
ISO 21930
ISO 14025



1. General Information

Manufacturer Name: Sika Egypt – Obour Factory
1st industrial zone (A) Section # 10, Block 13035
El-Obour City, Egypt

Program Operator: ASTM International
100 Barr Harbor Drive
West Conshohocken, PA
19428-2959, USA

Declaration Number: EPD 186

Reference PCR: IBU PCR Part A: Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Project report according to EN 15804+A2:2019– Version 1.0.
IBU PCR Part B: Requirements on the EPD for Reaction resins products – Version 1.7.

Date of Issuance: February 24th, 2021

End of Validity: February 24th, 2026

Product Name: Sikagard 552 W

EPD Owner: Sika Egypt

Product Group: Reaction resin products

Declared Unit: 1 kg of Sikagard 552 W

EPD Scope: Cradle-to-gate (A1, A2, and A3)

Verification: The CEN Norm EN 15804 serves as the core PCR. Independent verification of the declaration according to ISO 14025 and ISO 21930. ☐ internal ☒ external

LCA Reviewer and EPD Verifier: Timothy S. Brooke
ASTM International



2. Product

2.1 Product Description

The declared product is Sikagard 552 W. Sikagard 552 W Aqua Primer is a water-based primer and sealer for application onto porous substrates beneath Sikagard® protective and decorative architectural coatings (e.g. Sikagard 550 W).

2.2 Application

Sikagard 552 W may only be used by experienced professionals.

2.3 Technical Data

Table 1 provides technical data for Sikagard 552 W. Further technical data is available in Sika Egypt's Sikagard 552 W Technical Data Sheet.

Table 1: Technical Data

Name	Value	Unit
Density	1.0	kg/l

2.4 Delivery Status

The product is available in 10 kg units.

2.5 Base Materials

Table 2: Product Ingredients

Component	Ingredient Name	Value
Sikagard 552 W	Styrene Acrylic	35-60 %
	Water	35-60 %
	Other	< 5% %

2.6 Manufacture

The preparation of reaction resin products includes mixing of the chemical ingredients and packaging of the finished product.

2.7 Environment and Health Considerations during Manufacturing

Information not available.



2.8 Product Processing/Installation

The product is installed in a manner and with equipment that is specific to the application for which it was purchased.

2.9 Packaging

The reaction resin products are filled into plastic pails and steel cans and staked on pallets using cardboard and plastic wrap.

2.10 Conditions of Use

Not applicable: Use phase is outside the scope of the underlying LCA.

2.11 Environment and Health Considerations During Use

Not applicable: Use phase is outside the scope of the underlying LCA.

2.12 Reference Service Life

Not applicable: Use phase is outside the scope of the underlying LCA.

2.13 Extraordinary Effects

No extraordinary effects are reported in this EPD.

2.14 Re-use Phase

Not applicable: End-of-life phase is outside the scope of the underlying LCA.

2.15 Disposal

Not applicable: End-of-life phase is outside the scope of the underlying LCA.

2.16 Further Information

No further information is reported in this EPD.

3. LCA Calculation Rules

3.1 Declared Unit

The declared unit is one kilogram Sikagard 552 W produced at Sika Egypt's Obour factory.

3.2 System Boundary

The system boundary for this study is limited to a cradle-to-gate focus. The following three life cycle stages as per the governing PCRs are included in the study scope (see also Table 4):

A1 Raw material supply (upstream processes): Extraction, handling, and processing of input materials.

A2 Transportation: Transportation of all input materials from the suppliers to the gate of the manufacturing facility.

A3 Manufacturing (core process): The preparation processes of reaction resin products at Sika Egypt's Obour facility. This phase also includes the operations of the manufacturing facility and all process emissions that occur at the production facility.

3.3 Estimates and Assumptions

All significant foreground data was gathered from the manufacturer based on measured values (i.e. without estimation).

3.4 Cut-off Criteria

The cut-off criteria for all activity stage flows considered within the system boundary conform with ISO14044:2006 and section 6 of the IBU PCR Part A:

- All inputs and outputs to a (unit) process were included in the calculation for which data is available. Data gaps were filled by conservative assumptions with average or generic data. Any assumptions for such choices were documented.
- In case of insufficient input data or data gaps for a unit process, the cut-off criteria were 1% of renewable and non-renewable primary energy usage and 1% of the total mass of that unit process. The total neglected input flows, e.g. per module A1-A3 were a maximum of 5% of energy usage and mass. Conservative assumptions in combination with plausibility considerations and expert judgment were used to demonstrate compliance with these criteria.
- Particular care was taken to include material and energy flows known to have the potential to cause significant emissions into air and water or soil related to the environmental indicators of this standard. Conservative assumptions in combination with



plausibility considerations and expert judgment were used to demonstrate compliance with these criteria.

3.5 Background Data and 3.6 Data Quality

Data was gathered for the primary material and energy inputs used in the production of the reaction resin product for calendar year 2019. Table 3 describe each LCI data source for raw materials (A1), transportation by mode (A2) and the core manufacture process (A3). Table 3 also includes a data quality assessment for all secondary data on the basis of the technological, temporal, and geographical representativeness as per the IBU PCR.

Table 3: Secondary Data Sources and Data Quality Assessment

A1: Raw Material Inputs

Inputs	LCI Data Source	Geography	Year	Data Quality Assessment
Biocide	ecoinvent 3: Chemical, organic {GLO} market for Cut-off, U	Global	2011	Technology: very good Process models average global technology Time: good Data is <10 years old Geography: very good Data is representative of global conditions.
Defoamer (water base)	ecoinvent 3: Fatty acid {GLO} market for Cut-off, U	Global	2011	Technology: very good Process models average global technology Time: good Data is <10 years old Geography: very good Data is representative of global conditions.
Styrene acrylic	ecoinvent 3: Styrene {GLO} market for Cut-off, U	Global	2011	Technology: very good Process models average global technology Time: good Data is <10 years old Geography: very good Data is representative of global conditions.

A2: Transportation

Inputs	LCI Data Source	Geography	Year	Data Quality Assessment
Trucking	ecoinvent 3: Transport, freight, lorry 16-32 metric ton, euro3 {RoW} market for transport, freight, lorry 16-32 metric ton, EURO3 Cut-off, U	Global	2011	Technology: very good Process models average global technology Time: good Data is <10 years old Geography: very good Data is representative of global conditions.



A3: Manufacturing

Energy	LCI Data Source	Geography	Year	Data Quality Assessment
Grid Electricity	ecoinvent 3: Electricity, low voltage {EG} market for electricity, low voltage Cut-off, U	Egypt	2014	Technology: very good Process models average Egypt technology Time: good Data is <10 years old Geography: very good Data is representative of Egypt electricity.
Diesel Electricity	ecoinvent 3: Diesel, burned in diesel-electric generating set, 10MW {GLO} market for Cut-off, U	Global	2011	Technology: very good Process models average global technology Time: good Data is <10 years old Geography: very good Data is representative of global conditions.
Ancillary Material	LCI Data Source	Geography	Year	Data Quality Assessment
Lubricating oil and Grease	ecoinvent 3: Lubricating oil {RoW} market for lubricating oil Cut-off, U	Global		Technology: very good Process models average global technology Time: good Data is <10 years old Geography: very good Data is representative of global conditions.
Packaging Cardboard packaging	LCI Data Source	Geography	Year	Data Quality Assessment
	ecoinvent 3: Corrugated board box {RoW} market for corrugated board box Cut-off, U	Global	2011	Technology: very good Process models average global technology Time: very good Data is <5 years old Geography: very good Data is representative of global conditions.
Wooden pallet	ecoinvent 3: EUR-flat pallet {GLO} market for Cut-off, U	Global	2011	Technology: very good Process models average global technology Time: very good Data is <5 years old Geography: very good Data is representative of global conditions.



Sika Egypt - Obour Factory Sikagard 552 W

Environmental Product Declaration

Plastic packaging film	ecoinvent 3: Packaging film, low density polyethylene {RoW} production Cut-off, U	Global	2010	Technology: very good Process models average global technology Time: good Data is <10 years old Geography: very good Data is representative of global conditions.
Plastic pails	ecoinvent 3: Polyethylene, high density, granulate {GLO} market for Cut-off, U	Global	2011	Technology: very good Process models average global technology Time: good Data is <10 years old Geography: very good Data is representative of global conditions.
Steel cans	ecoinvent 3: Tin plated chromium steel sheet, 2 mm {RoW} production Cut-off, U	Global	2011	Technology: very good Process models average global technology Time: good Data is <10 years old Geography: very good Data is representative of global conditions.
Water	LCI Data Source	Geography	Year	Data Quality Assessment
Water	ecoinvent 3: Water, decarbonised, at user {GLO} market for Cut-off, U	Global	2011	Technology: very good Process models average global technology Time: good Data is <10 years old Geography: very good Data is representative of global conditions.
Waste	LCI Data Source	Geography	Year	Data Quality Assessment
Landfill	ecoinvent 3: Waste paperboard {RoW} treatment of, sanitary landfill Cut-off, U	Global	2011	Technology: very good Process models average global technology Time: good Data is <10 years old Geography: very good Data is representative of global conditions.



3.7 Period under Review

Data was gathered for the primary material and energy inputs used in the production for calendar year 2019.

3.8 Allocation

At Sika Egypt's Obour facility several reaction resin products are produced. Since the primary data for manufacturing was only available on a facility level, the environmental load among the products produced is allocated according to its mass.

For waste that is recycled, the 'recycled content approach' was chosen. The recycling of waste generated by the product system is cut off.

3.9 Comparability

This LCA was created using industry average data for upstream materials. Data variation can result from differences in supplier locations, manufacturing processes, manufacturing efficiency and fuel types used.

4. LCA: Scenarios and additional technical information

4.1 Biogenic Carbon Content

The product does not contain any biogenic carbon. The packaging includes biogenic carbon in the form of cardboard and the packaging is less than 5% of the combined product and packaging mass, estimated to be 20-40kg/t.

5. LCA: Results

Life cycle impact assessment (LCIA) is the phase in which the set of results of the inventory analysis – the inventory flow table – is further processed and interpreted in terms of environmental impacts and resource use inventory metrics. As specified in the IBU PCR, Table 4 and 5 below summarizes the LCA results for the cradle-to-gate (A1-A3) product system.



Table 4: Description of the System Boundary (x: included in LCA; mnd: module not declared)

Product			Construction Installation		Use							End-of-life				Benefits of Loads Beyond the System Boundary		
Raw Material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport	Construction / Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational Energy Use	Operational Water Use	De-Construction/ Demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse	Recovery	Recycling
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D	D	D
x	x	x	mnd	mnd	mnd	mnd	mnr	mnr	mnr	mnd	mnd	mnd	mnd	mnd	mnd	mnd	mnd	mnd



Table 5. Life Cycle Impact Assessment Results for 1kg SikaWall 321 Putty

Environmental Indicator	Abbrev.	Units	Total	A1	A2	A3
Impact Categories						
Global warming potential	GWP - total	kg CO2-eq	1.72E+00	1.42E+00	9.60E-03	2.93E-01
Global warming potential - fossil fuels	GWP - fossil	kg CO2-eq	1.77E+00	1.46E+00	9.69E-03	2.97E-01
Global warming potential - biogenic	GWP - biogenic	kg CO2-eq	-6.61E-02	-7.16E-03	3.75E-06	-5.90E-02
GWP land use & land use change	GWP - luluc	kg CO2-eq	8.09E-03	7.80E-03	3.49E-06	2.83E-04
Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	ODP	kg CFC-11-eq	9.24E-08	7.34E-08	1.69E-09	1.73E-08
Acidification potential of land and water	AP	kg SO2-eq	5.84E-03	4.27E-03	4.87E-05	1.51E-03
Acidification potential, accumulated exceedance	AP	mol H+-eq	7.09E-03	5.18E-03	6.59E-05	1.84E-03
Eutrophication potential	EP	kg PO4-eq	2.04E-03	1.52E-03	1.18E-05	5.11E-04
Eutrophication, fraction of nutrients reaching freshwater end compartment	EP-Freshwater	kg PO4-eq	4.51E-04	3.42E-04	8.17E-07	1.09E-04
Eutrophication, fraction of nutrients reaching marine end compartment	EP- Marine	kg N-eq	1.45E-03	1.07E-03	2.52E-05	3.52E-04
Eutrophication, accumulated exceedance	EP- Terrestrial	mol N-eq	1.46E-02	1.06E-02	2.76E-04	3.76E-03
Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants	POCP	kg ethene-eq	1.41E-03	1.31E-03	1.50E-06	9.54E-05
Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants	POCP	kg NMVOC-eq	6.63E-03	5.33E-03	7.59E-05	1.22E-03
Abiotic Depletion Potential for Non-Fossil Resources	ADPE	kg Sb eq	3.26E-05	2.07E-05	2.55E-07	1.17E-05
Abiotic Depletion Potential for Fossil Resources	ADPF	MJ Surplus	1.85E+01	1.50E+01	1.42E-01	3.33E+00
Water user deprivation potential, deprivation weighted water consumption	WDP	m³ world- Eq deprived	3.51E-01	2.80E-01	4.63E-04	7.11E-02
Inventory Metrics - Resources						
Use of renewable primary energy as energy	PERE	MJ	2.67E+00	1.14E+00	1.60E-03	1.53E+00
Use of renewable primary energy as a material	PERM	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Total use of renewable primary energy	PERT	MJ	2.67E+00	1.14E+00	1.60E-03	1.53E+00
Use of non-renewable primary energy as energy	PENRE	MJ	2.11E+01	1.71E+01	1.53E-01	3.83E+00
Use of non-renewable primary energy as a material	PENRM	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Total use of non-renewable primary energy	PENRT	MJ	2.11E+01	1.71E+01	1.53E-01	3.83E+00
Use of secondary materials	SM	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Use of renewable secondary fuels	RSF	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Use of non-renewable secondary fuels	NRSF	MJ	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Use of freshwater resources	FW	m3	8.49E-03	6.69E-03	2.46E-05	1.78E-03



Inventory Metrics – Waste and Outputs						
Disposed of Hazardous Waste	HWD	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Disposed of Non-Hazardous Waste	NHWD	kg	2.00E-03	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.00E-03
Disposed of Radioactive Waste	RWD	m3	1.73E-08	1.37E-08	3.77E-10	3.25E-09
Components for Reuse	CRU	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Materials for Recycling	MFR	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Materials for Energy Recovery	MER	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Exported Electrical Energy (Waste to Energy)	EEE	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
Exported Thermal Energy (Waste to Energy)	ETE	kg	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

6. Interpretation

Figure 1 shows the relative contribution to the cumulative impacts of the A1 through A3 phases of the cradle-to-gate life cycle. For Sikagard 552 W, the raw material supply (A1) is the major contributor to the overall impact (24-99%) across the selected impact categories. This is since A1 incorporates all the upstream extraction and production of the chemical inputs. Transportation (A2) impacts are insignificant in all declared product profiles (1-5%). The manufacturing (A3) is moderate and for most impact categories lower than 20%. Major A3 impacts came from the steel can packaging. The raw materials for the steel can are also the reason for a relatively high contribution of A3 to 'Abiotic Depletion Potential for Non-Fossil Resources' (75%).

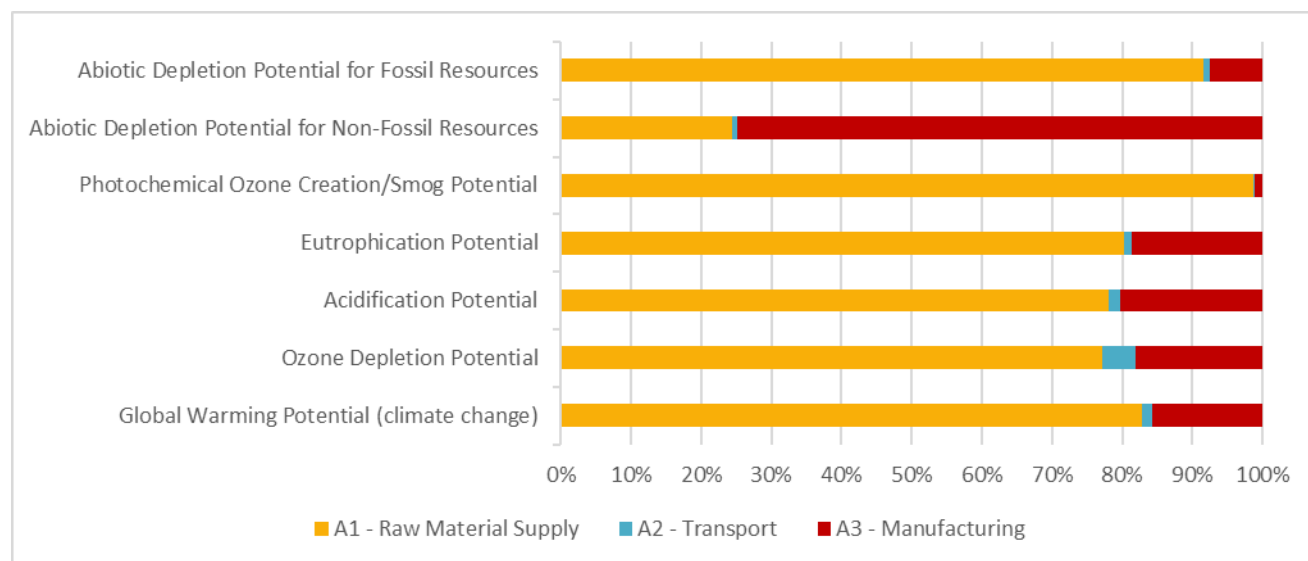


Figure 1. Contribution analysis for Sikagard 552 W



7. Requisite Evidence

No environmental claims beyond the LCA results are made in this EPD and thus no additional evidence is required.

8. References

1. Athena Institute: 2020 - A Cradle-to-Gate Life Cycle Assessment of Six Reaction Resin Products Manufactured by Sika Egypt
2. EN 15804 +A1:2013 Sustainability of construction works – Environmental product declarations –Core rules for the product category of construction products.
3. EN 15804+A2:2019 Sustainability of construction works- Environmental product declarations- Core rules for the product category of construction products.
4. IBU PCR Part A: Part A: Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Project report according to EN 15804+A2:2019 – Version 1.0
5. IBU PCR Part B: Requirements on the EPD for Reaction resin products, Version 1.7
6. ISO 21930: 2017 Building construction – Sustainability in building construction – Environmental declaration of building products.
7. ISO 14025: 2006 Environmental labeling and declarations - Type III environmental declarations - Principles and procedures.
8. ISO 14044: 2006 Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Requirements and guidelines.
9. ISO 14040: 2006 Environmental management - Life cycle assessment - Principles and framework.