

Subject Index

A

- Aluminum alloys**
 - Alloy 2024-T351, 8, 11
 - analysis, 135
 - center-cracked tension specimen, 117, 118, 121–122
 - crack growth, 152
 - effective K_R -curves and, 87, 90–91
 - fracture analysis, 20–29, 57–59, 63
 - predicted results, 46–51, 60–61
 - instability predictions, 108
 - stress-strain tensile properties, 119–120
 - Alloy 7075-T651, 8, 11, 76
 - crack growth, 152–153, 155, 156–157, 164–165
 - effective K_R -curves and, 87, 89–90
 - fracture analysis, 15–20, 54–57, 63
 - predicted results, 42–46
 - stress, maximum, 106
- American Society of Mechanical Engineers Section III, Appendix G, 126
- ASTM Committee E-24 Task Group E24.06.02, 7–8
 - experimental and predictive round robin, 11, 62, 76, 106–108
 - methods used, 10, 34–41
 - participants, 9
 - predictions, 122

ASTM Standards

- E 4, 129, 131, 142
- E 8–82, 12, 129, 131
- E 399, 13, 35, 64, 70, 129, 131, 142, 144, 152
- E 561–81, 39, 40, 84, 85, 99, 142, 144–145
- laboratory test procedure, 100–104
- E 616, 129, 131, 142
- E 813–81, 117, 120, 129, 130, 131

B

- Baseline compact specimen fracture data, 64–68
- Boundary-correction factor, 82

C

- Compact specimens
 - effective K_R -curves, 87–88, 89, 91–92
 - fracture analysis, 12–13
 - aluminum alloy, 15–19, 23–27, 42–43, 46
 - baseline fracture data, 64–68
 - crack growth, 147–148
 - stainless steel, 29–33, 51
- Compliance, 100
 - methods, 103
- Conversion factor on nominal stress, 82–83
- Crack drive, 108, 109, 110
 - crack growth and, 141–143, 148, 155, 165

- Crack-driving force, 153
 Crack-driving force curves, 38–39, 81, 85, 87
 Crack extension
 defined, 100
 effective, 25, 26–27, 30–31
 force, 101–102
 measurements, 68
 physical, 17, 18, 25, 26–27, 32
 Crack-front singularity parameter, 94
 Crack fronts, fatigue, 16, 23–25
 Crack growth, 101
 crack drive and, 141–143, 148, 155, 165
 criterion, 92–94
 instability prediction, 139
 resistance, 144, 153
 stable, prediction of, 139
 Crack instability (*see* Instability prediction)
 Crack length, 103
 measurement, 102
 Crack size
 effective, 100, 102
 fixed, 124–125
 Crack tension specimens, fracture analysis
 center (CCT), 106
 compact, 106
 middle, 8, 13
 aluminum, 19, 28–29, 43, 49
 crack growth, 148, 160–161
 effective K_R -curves, 88–90, 92
 stainless steel, 33–34, 51–54
 single-edged notched bending (SEN_B), 106
 three-hole (THT), 8, 13
 aluminum, 19–20, 29, 43–46, 49–51
 effective K_R -curves, 88–90, 92
 stainless steel, 34, 54
 stress-intensity factors, 63–64, 65
 Cracked body behavior, 129
 Crack-tip-opening-angle criterion, 40
 Crack-tip-opening-displacement fracture criterion, 40, 46
 crack drive and, 142–144, 149, 151–153
 equations, 158–161
 finite-element analysis with, 92–94
 plastic zone size and, 164–165
 plasticity and, 140, 141
 results, 49, 51, 54, 57, 59, 62–63
- D**
- Deformation plasticity failure assessment diagram, 9, 34, 36–37, 114
 analysis of method, 76–78
 curve generation, 115–116
 fixed crack size for, 124–125
 limitations, 124–126
 results, 49, 51, 57, 62
 Ductile fracture, theory, 9, 34, 37–38, 54, 79
 Dugdale model, 9, 34, 38
 analysis of method, 79–83
 predicting crack growth, 140, 141–144, 149, 151, 158–161
 results, 49, 54, 59, 63
- E**
- Elastic-plastic analysis, 132
 Elastic-plastic crack-tip field conditions, 99
 Elastic-plastic deformation, 106
EPRI Handbook, 136
 Equivalent energy fracture analysis, 9, 34, 35, 49, 70–72
- F**
- Failure Assessment Diagram (*see* R-6 diagram)
 Failure loads
 aluminum alloys, 17, 19–20, 21, 25–29
 data, 68

determination of, 82–83, 92
 effective K_R -curve and, 83–85
 method, 146
 plastic-zone corrected, 70
 predicted, 34–35, 37–62, 94
 stainless steel, 30–34
 V_R -curve and, 163–164

Failure prediction, 8

Finite-element analysis, 9, 34, 51, 54, 57–63
 with critical crack-front singularity parameter, 94
 with critical crack-tip-opening displacement criterion, 92–94

Flow strength, effective, 82

Fracture analysis methods, 5

Fracture, brittle, 115

Fracture criterion, two-parameter, 9, 34, 36–37
 analysis of method, 73–75
 K -curve and, 80
 modified, 75–76
 results, 49, 57–63

Fracture process, ductile, 115

Fracture toughness
 critical, 71
 in equivalent energy method, 72
 parameters, 36, 37
 plane-strain, 7
 plastic-zone corrected, 35, 70

Fracture toughness/stress-intensity factor ratio, 114

Fracturing, slow-stable, 101

I

Instability, 100
 Instability prediction, 114
 loads, 115, 118–119
 using J , J_M -resistance curve approach, 128
 using K_R -curve approach, 99
 limitations, 106
 methodology, 104–105

J

J , J_M -resistance curve approach, 128
 J -integral, 115, 116
 J_I - R curve, 120
 limits, 125–126

K

K_R -curve, 80–81
 estimated, 83–85
 instability prediction using, 99
 limit-load criteria and, 85–92
 K_R -curve fracture analysis, 34–35, 39–40
 analysis of method, 79–83
 results, 49, 54, 59, 63

L

Least-squares procedure, 161–163
 Ligament analysis, 89–92
 Limit-load criteria
 effective K_R -curve and, 85–92
 Linear-elastic fracture mechanics (LEFM), 7, 9, 34, 37–38, 43, 46
 behavior, 76
 results, 49, 54–57
 stress-intensity factor, 116
 Linear elastic methodology, modified, 99
 Load-against-crack-extension method, 145–146
 Load crack extension, 152
 Loading procedure, 102

P

Plastic collapse, 115, 117
 Plastic deformation analysis, 100
Plastic Handbook, 115
 Plastic solutions, fully, 126
 Plastic zone, 100
 corrected stress-intensity factor approach, 69–70

- Plastic zone (continued)
 plasticity and, 140
 size, 149, 158–161, 164–165
- Plasticity, 140–141
- Pressurized water reactor, cracked cylinder, 122–123
- R**
- R-6 diagram, 36–37, 76–78
 failure assessment approach, 115
- R-curve, 102, 104
 development, 101, 106
 methodology, 100, 105
- S**
- Steel, stainless
 Type A533B, 76, 121, 124
 Type HY 130, 76
 Type 304, 8, 11
 compact specimens, 29–33, 51
 effective K_R -curve and, 85–87, 91–92
 fracture analysis, 59–62, 63, 66–67
- T**
- tension specimens, 29, 33–34, 51–54
- Stress, nominal, 82
- Stress-intensity factor/fracture toughness ratio, 114
- Stress-intensity factors
 critical, 68–69
 plasticity-corrected, 100
 plastic-zone corrected, 69–70
 three-hole-crack tension specimens, 63–64, 65
- Stress/net section plastic collapse stress ratio, 114
- Structural failure, prediction, 7
- V**
- V_R -curve method, 139
- Y**
- Yield solution, small-scale, 164–165